



# Data Access Enforcer for Linux (ODBC/JDBC)

## THE SITUATION

ODBC and JDBC are similar Structured Query Language (SQL) based APIs used by Linux applications to access databases. ODBC is a cross platform interface designed to be independent of databases and operating systems while JDBC performs the same function for Java-based applications.

Linux Applications that utilize an ODBC or JDBC interface can be easily ported to different databases or systems without requiring changes to their code. In the same way, databases for which a driver there is an ODBC or JDBC driver can be updated without introducing the risk of breaking the applications that depend on them, as long as they continue to implement the interface. This standard interface provides an opportunity for enterprises that rely on a Linux environment to improve their data security at the data access layer without having to write custom code for each database that needs to be protected.



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## THE SOLUTION

NextLabs Data Access Enforcer for Linux (DAE for Linux) provides dynamic data-level security controls and fine-grained data access governance for Linux applications that use ODBC/JDBC. Through NextLabs' patented Dynamic Authorization platform, organizations can leverage attribute-based policy and centralized policy management to improve their security and compliance posture for ODBC and JDBC applications on Linux. DAE for Linux enforces data-level security controls - such as field-level data masking and record level data segregation and monitors data access activity directly from within the data access layer.

DAE for Linux prevents unauthorized access to sensitive data through fine-grained data-level security controls, protecting data and addressing compliance requirements at the same time. DAE for Linux enables employees and external partners to share critical information and collaborate in business processes to improve workforce productivity and business agility.

DAE for Linux leverages user and host attributes in making access decisions, simplifying the design and development of security features into your application.

## THE BENEFITS

DAE for Linux provides the following benefits:

- Externalize authorization management to simplify and reduce the time spent on administering access control policies
- React more rapidly to changes in business requirements, market conditions, or regulatory environment with policy changes that can be made without code changes or application downtime
- Lower your total cost of ownership by leveraging your existing investment in the NextLabs platform
- Reduce the cost of compliance through more efficient and cost-effective monitoring and auditing of your data

## KEY FEATURES

Feature	Detail
Real-time enforcement of attribute-based access policies	<p>Access to data based on policies that examine attributes of the data being accessed, the context of the request, and user identity.</p> <p>DAE dynamically applies the relevant policies, factoring in changes in the attributes of data or the user to enforce fine-grained entitlement and security controls to data regardless of business transaction. Rules are validated in real-time when a user attempts to access data, only then granting access.</p>
Field-Level Data Masking	<p>Given the growing importance of data privacy and the various requirements mandating the protection of sensitive data, such as personally identifiable information (PII), customer data, technical data, financial data, etc., the need for data masking is as crucial as ever. DAE ensures that users can only view the fields on the record to which they have been granted access, the value of the field will be masked for those fields that users are not authorized. It uses policy-driven approach to mask the data in the unauthorized fields based on attributes. These centrally manage policies define masking patterns and rules to determine who, what, when, where, and why to mask field(s) in real-time.</p>
Record-level Data Segregation and Filtering	<p>DAE ensures that users can only view records or other data to which they have been granted access. Authorization can be determined based on the industry, location, department, position, project assignment, or any other attribute of the user, which can then be compared against other attributes of an entity or record such as sensitivity level, type of transaction, etc. For example, you can filter data in charts and reports to quickly identify inventory shortages in Thailand.</p>
Granular enforcement of DML actions	<p>Block by operation (e.g., Insert, Delete) such that users cannot insert a record into a table or delete a record from a table if they are not authorized to do so.</p>
Centrally Managed Policies	<p>Authorization policies can be centrally managed and reviewed across all an organization's applications, substantially reducing administration costs.</p>
Centralized Monitoring and Auditing	<p>DAE tracks and stores user activities and data access across all applications in a central audit server, simplifying compliance management. Analytics for user behavior and access patterns are provided via dashboards, reports, and automated monitoring facilities.</p>
Out of the Box Integration	<p>No custom code required for any application that uses either ODBC or JDBC.</p>

## ABOUT NEXTLABS

NextLabs®, Inc. provides data-centric security software to protect business critical data and applications. Our patented dynamic authorization technology and industry leading attribute-based policy platform helps enterprises identify and protect sensitive data, monitor and control access to the data, and prevent regulatory violations – whether in the cloud or on premises. The software automates enforcement of security controls and compliance policies to enable secure information sharing across the extended enterprise. NextLabs has some of the largest global enterprises as customers and has strategic relationships with industry leaders such as SAP, Siemens, Microsoft, and IBM. For more information on NextLabs, please visit <http://www.nextlabs.com>.

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